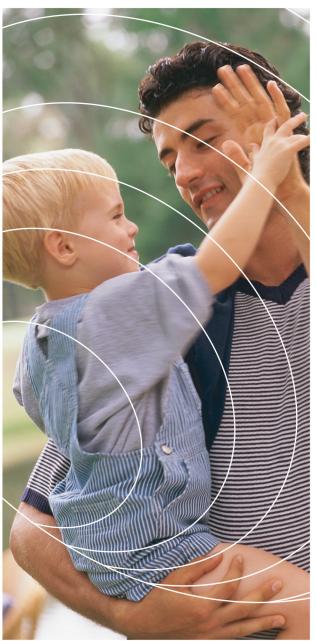
# Healthy Environment



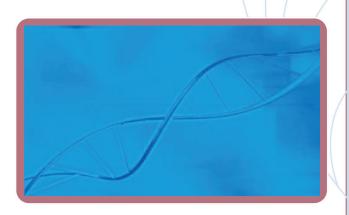
Virus Guide



# Viruses and heat inactivation

#### By Airfree Biological Division - Dr. Cristiane Minussi October 4, 2005

While viruses are not considered living organisms they depend upon living cells to replicate. The structure of the virus includes an envelope constituted by proteins and genetic material of DNA or RNA. All of these components are thermo-sensible. The genetic material and the proteins have complex structures regulating their function, and change in this structure may result in a loss of function known as denaturizing. There are two basic means by which denaturing occurs: a change in PH or temperature.



#### Some examples: viruses and heat inactivation

Numerous studies have focused on virus inactivation through heat application. For example, HIV virus in the blood will die when exposedto 77 degrees Celsius<sup>1</sup> for as little as 0.006 seconds<sup>1</sup>. In another study, parvovirus and phage phiX174 were completely inactivated when exposed to 103 degrees Celsius for 90 seconds<sup>2</sup>. In the case of the Herpes virus, high

temperatures inhibit the release of proteins necessary for the success of the infection<sup>3</sup>.

Airborne viruses are no different. One study of respiratory sincytyal virus (the major cause of wheezing in children less than 2 years old) showed that when the virus is exposed to 65 degrees Celsius for 45 minutes. the infection capacity is diminished and conformational proteins are transformed, resulting in a reduction of substances responsible for the inflammation, hyperresponsiveness and damage to airpassages<sup>4</sup>. The SARS virus (causative agent of severe acute respiratory syndrome) has thermo-sensible proteins in its envelope, which can be totally denaturized at 55 degrees Celsius, the same temperature at which SARS virus was also reported to be inactivated<sup>5</sup>. The influenza virus contains proteins essential for infectious transmission that are sensible to variations of pH and temperature between 55-70 degrees Celsius 6.

## The avian flu

The virus, responsible for the bird flu, can be spread from the poultry to humans and up to now, about 20 million chickens have been slaughtered in order to control the spread of the virus 10. Since 1997, it has been reported that more than 100 cases of the disease in humans, resulted in over 50 deaths 8. Experts are very concerned about the rise of a new pandemic strain of the virus because of the mixing between avian and human viruses. It's predicted that the virus could infect someone who is already infected with a human flu virus like A, resulting in genetic rearrangement and a new pathogen that could be highly infectious 11 and easily transmitted from human-to-human 13.



#### Transmission and symptoms.

All birds are susceptible to the avian virus and some types of wild birds are natural carries of influenza type A virus. They have a large amount of avian virus in their secretion, saliva and feces that can contaminate domestic poultry when in contact. Furthermore, their dropping or saliva may contaminate water, rivers, feed and even our own shoes<sup>8</sup>. Infected droplets may settle on conjunctival, nasopharyngeal or other respiratory mucosal epithelium in humans<sup>12</sup> leading to symptons ranged from typical influenza-like symptoms (e.g., fever, cough, sore throat, and muscle aches) to eye infections (conjunctivitis), pneumonia, acute respiratory distress, viral pneumonia, and other severe and life-threatening complications<sup>13</sup>.

#### Avian Flu characteristics and their heat instability.

The avian virus, H5N1, is a negative-sense, single-stranded RNA virus<sup>12</sup>, which has two types of proteins in its surface: hemagglutinin (HA) and neuraminidase (NA)<sup>13</sup>. It is documented that the virus can be inactivated by 56°C in 3 hours and 60°C in 30 minutes<sup>8</sup>. Thus, only four degrees of temperature elevation reduced the time of inactivation by about 85%.

#### Airfree®and its HETD Ceramic Core internal temperature.

Here, we have listed only few examples of viruses' inactivation by heating and in all those cases, the temperatures were below the Airfree's HETD ceramic core internal temperature of 200 degrees Celsius. Since 1977, studies have showed that the higher the temperature, the faster the proteins get denatured. Therefore, we may infer that the Airfree purifier may be efficient in the inactivation of the virus proteins in most cases, resulting in the lost of the infection ability.

# Airfree® Products

Efficient: Airfree is tested in real inhabited working-environments by credible ISO 17025 independent laboratories and universities in several countries. Airfree destroys microorganisms such as mould spores, bacteria, viruses, and dust mite allergens when passing through its patented high efficiency thermodynamic sterilising system known as TSS<sup>™</sup> technology, regardless of how hazardous and small they might be.

Silent: No sound emission.

Exclusive: Airfree uses only heat TSS™ technology to destroy and incinerate airborne microorganisms. No fiber glass filters, triclosan coated paper or any type of material that can be harmful to you and the environment when disposed of.

Ozone Reduction: No other air purifying device matches Airfree's exclusive TSS™ technology which both reduces ozone, while simultaneously destroying microorganisms.

Economic: Airfree's electric consumption is lower than a 50W light bulb. No replacement parts are required such as filters that may cost hundreds of dollars a year.

Easy Installation: Just place Airfree on the floor and plug it into the nearest electric outlet. No need for maintenance or special cleaning.



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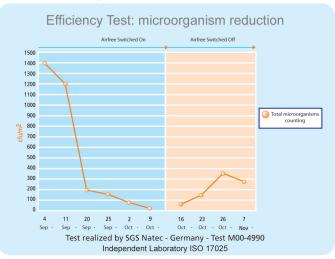
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http://www.cdc.gov/flu/avian/gen-info/avian-flu-humans.htm

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\*test made in two separated closed chambers



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This guide had Cristiane Minussi's collaboration, USP biologist professional responsible for the microbiological nature information.

